

GAY RIGHTS

SLIMATE CHANGE

Using values & frames to motivate change

CHILD POVERTY

COMMUNITY

Adelaide, 16 June 2016

RACISM

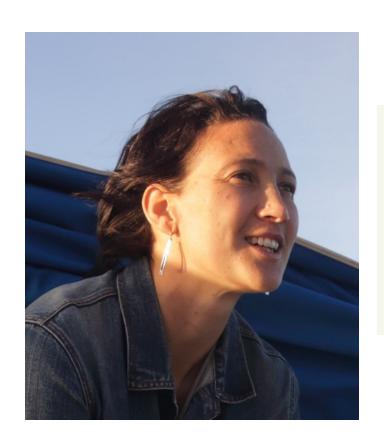
Eleanor Glenn

SOCIAL CAPITAL

Common Cause Australia

WELL-BEING AND HAPPINESS

Introductions



Common Cause

The Case for Working with our Cultural Values

September 2010

Outline

- Introduction to values & frames
- Spotting values and frames
- Applications in Natural Resources South East

What do you value in life?

Values are...

Guiding principles in life

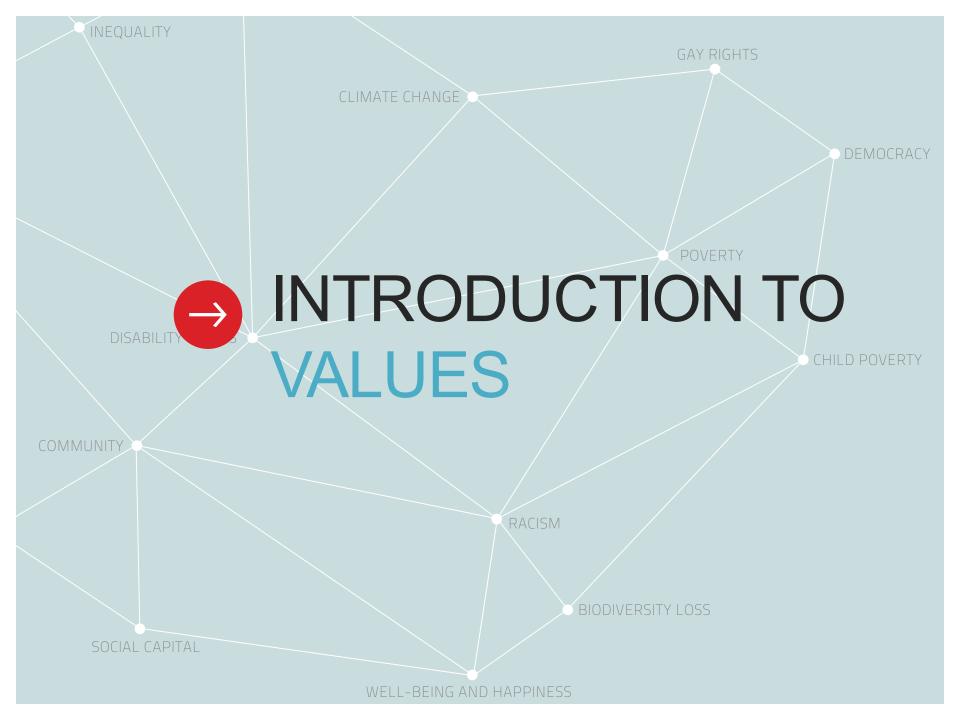
Transcend situations

Linked to emotion

Often subconscious

About motivation, not means or attributes



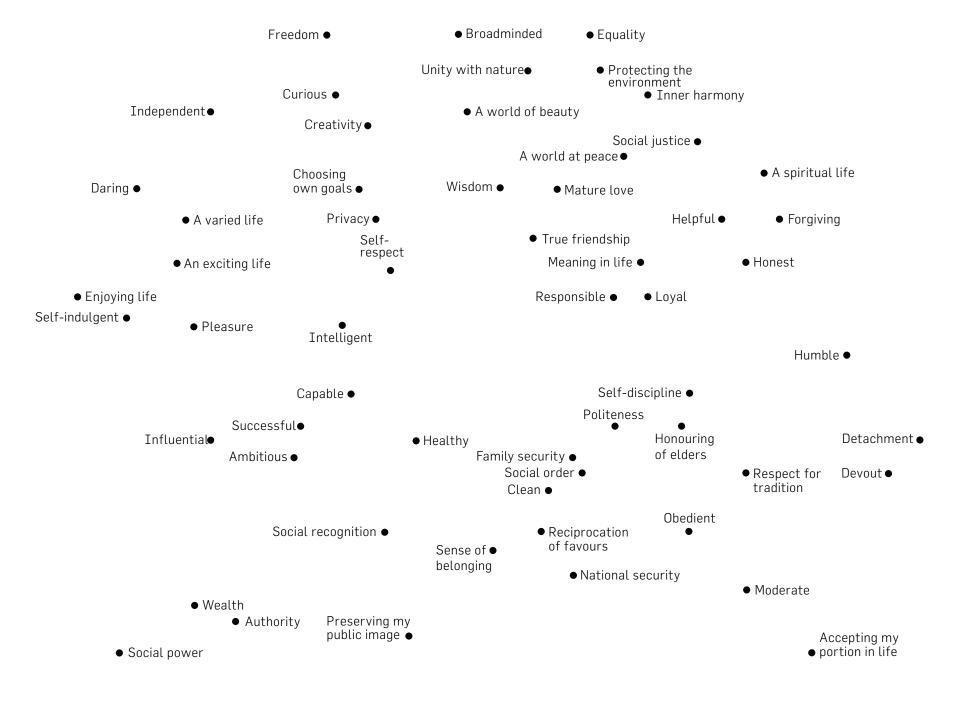


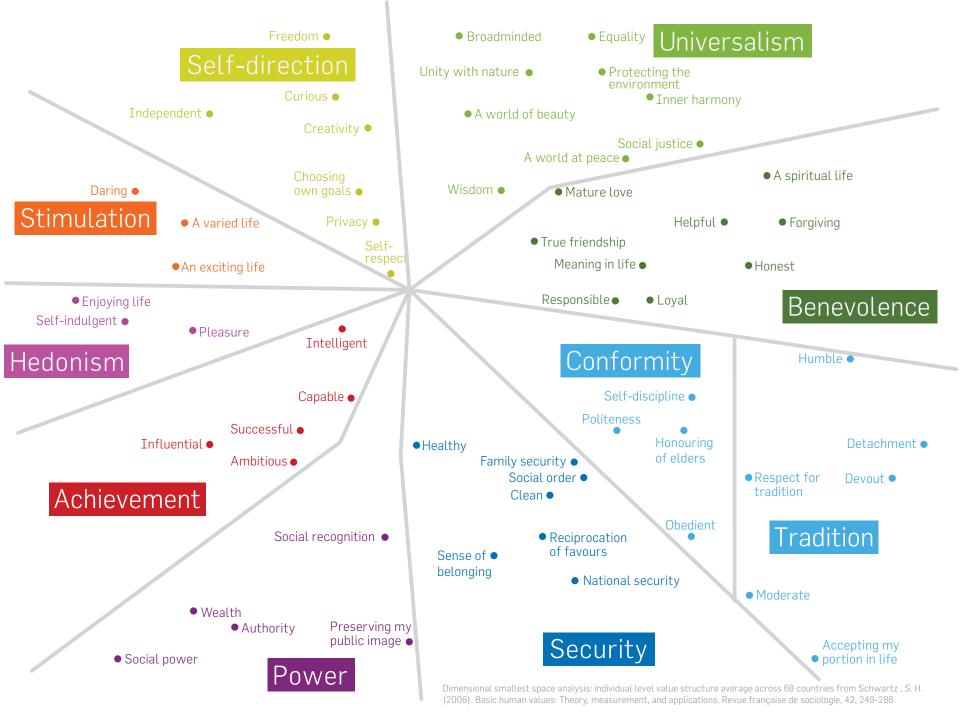
Values: our guiding principles or motivations



How values work

- Universal
- Organised in a system
- Matter
- Interact
- Change



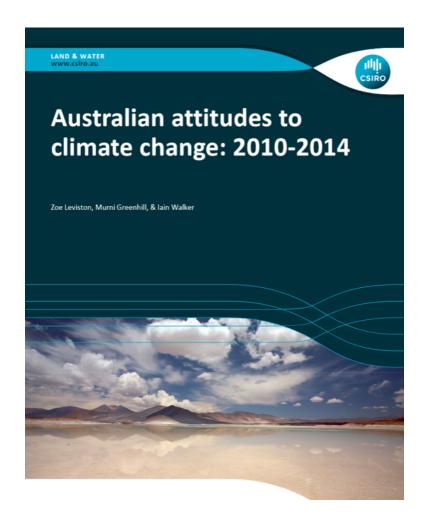


Intrinsic



Climate change adaptation

Leviston, Greenhill & Walker (2015)



- Universalism values:
 highest levels of
 individual and community
 behaviours and support
 for adaptation initiatives
- Power values: lowest levels of same.

Mental

- Depression
- Paranoia
- Social anxiety
- Separation anxiety
- Attention DeficitDisorder
- Obsessive behaviour

Physical

- Headaches
- Stomachaches
- Backaches
 - Sore throats
- Sore muscles
- Smoking
- Alcohol abuse
- Drug use

Social

- Narcissistic
- Less empathy
- Machiavellian
- Passive aggressive
- Non-nurturing parents

NEW YORK TIMES BESTSELLER

"Pink makes a strong, science-based case for rethinking motivation and then provides the tools you need to transform your life."

-MEHMET C. OZ, MD, coauthor of You: The Owner's Manual

Daniel H. Pink

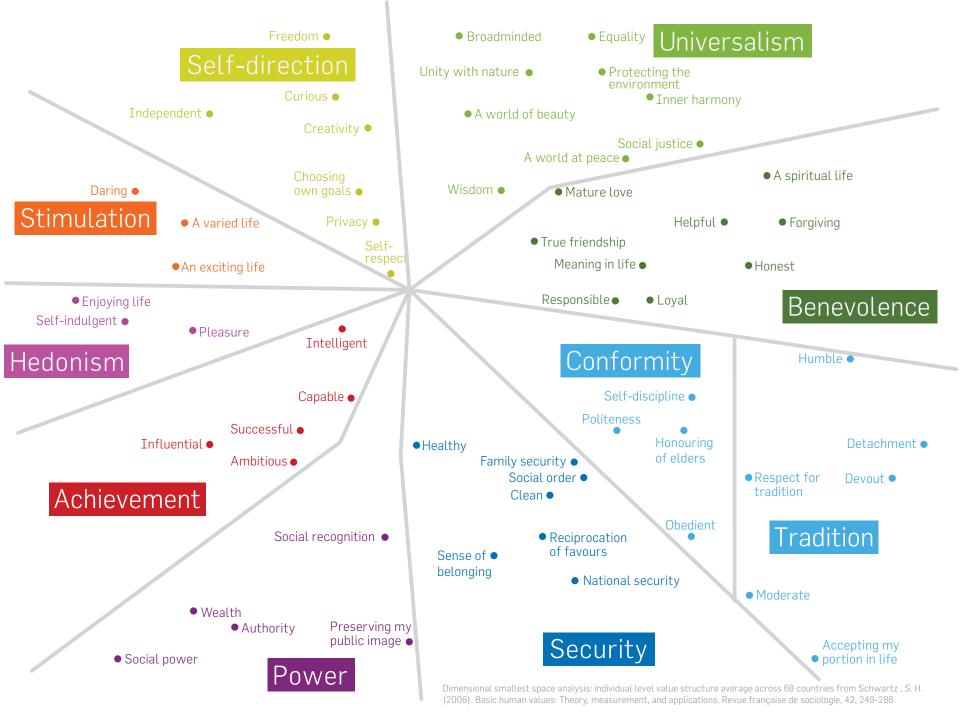
author of A Whole New Mind

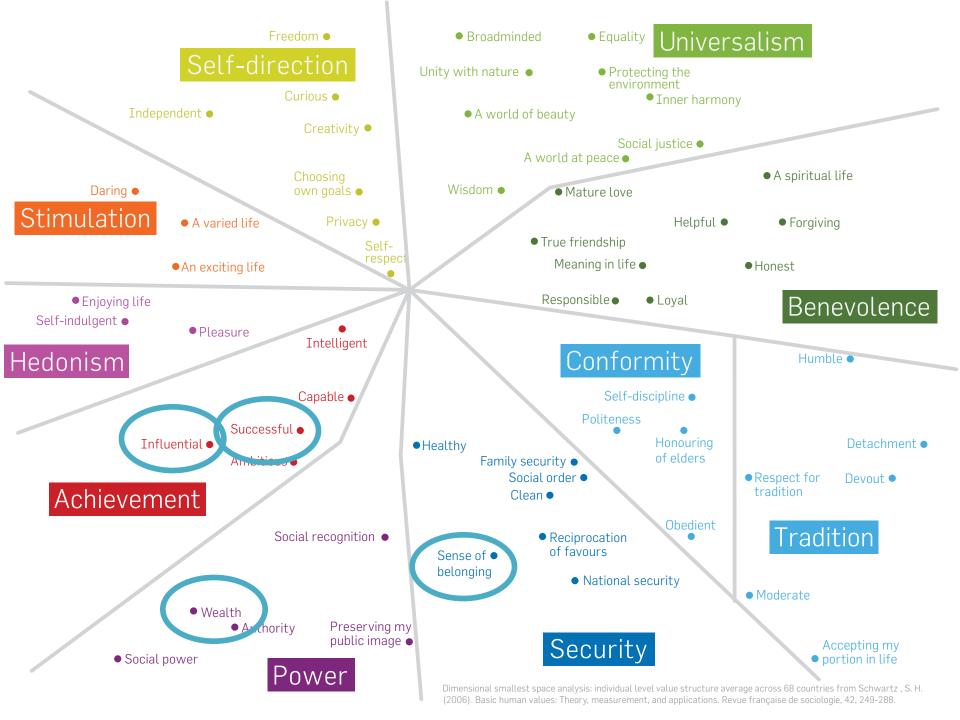


The Surprising Truth
About What Motivates Us



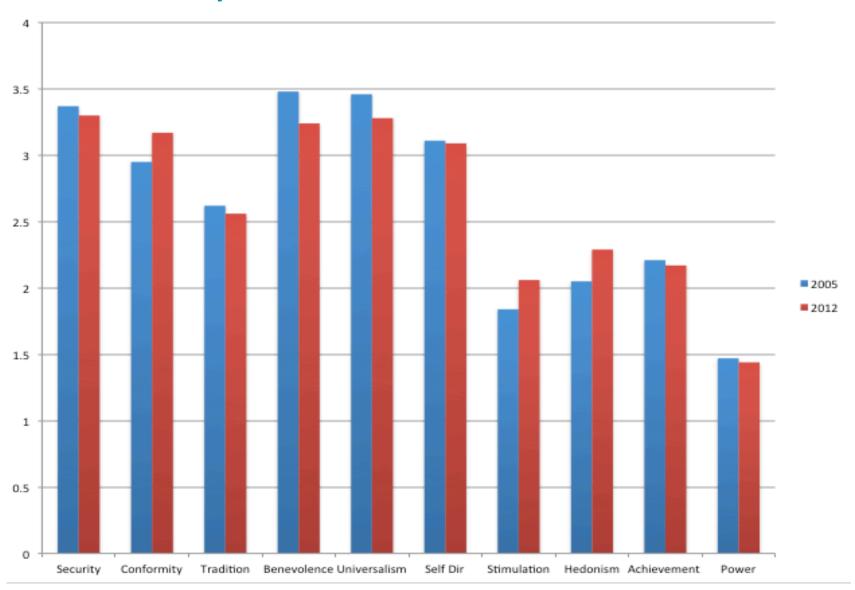
= Intrinsic,
not extrinsic,
values

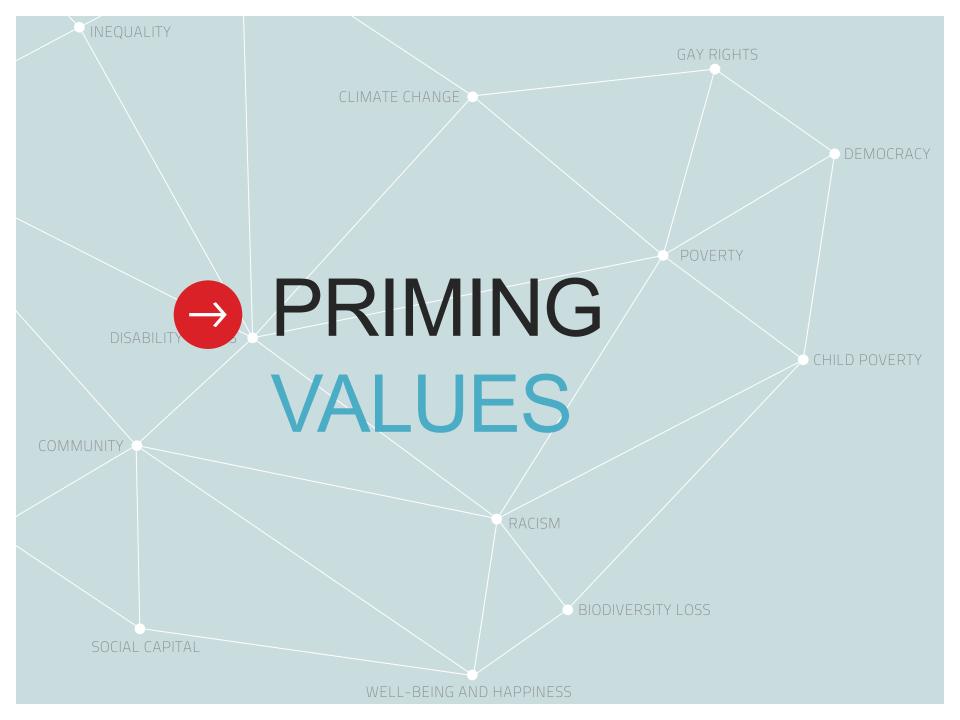


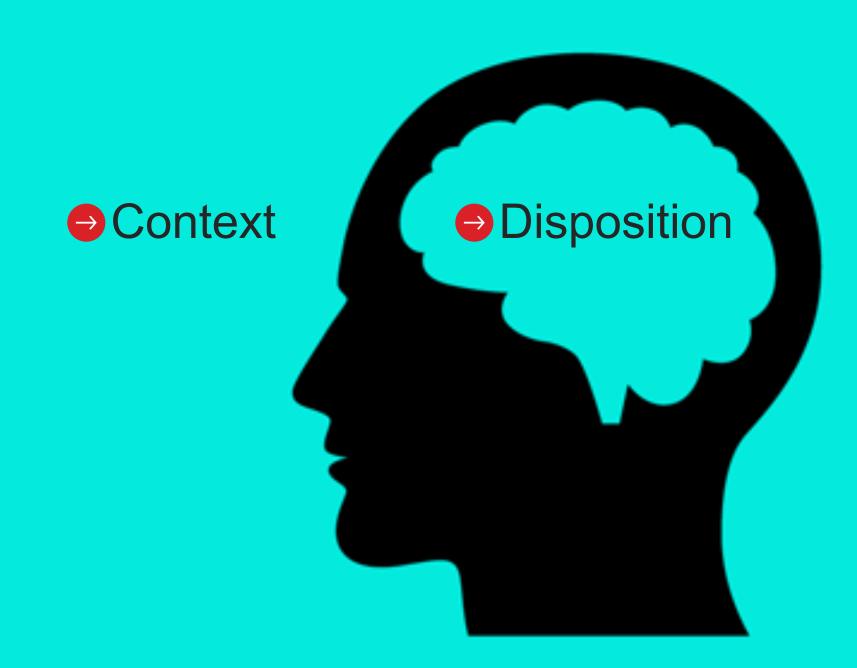


Australian Values

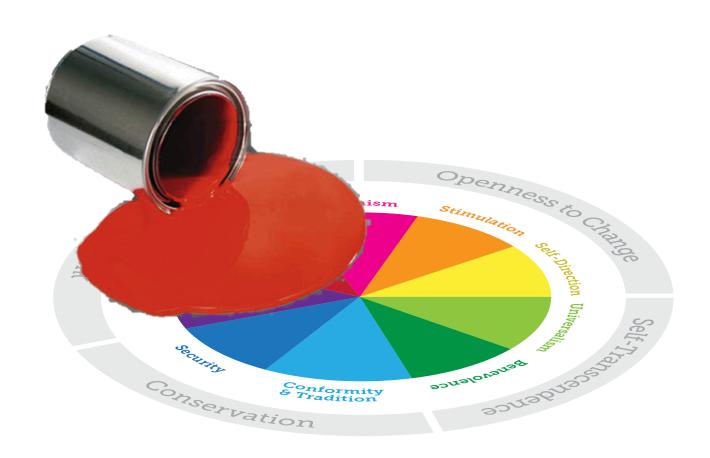
World Values Survey, 2005 & 2012



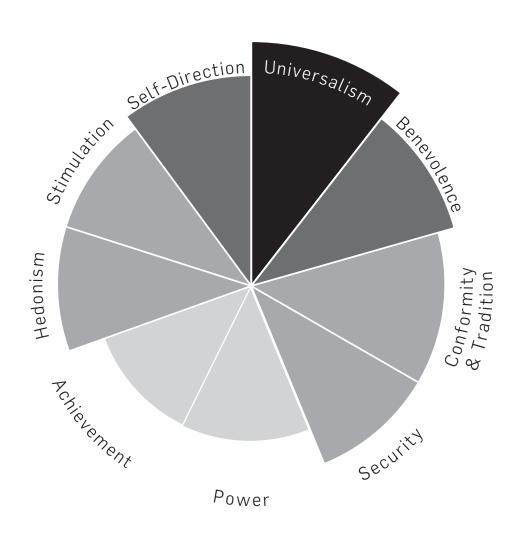


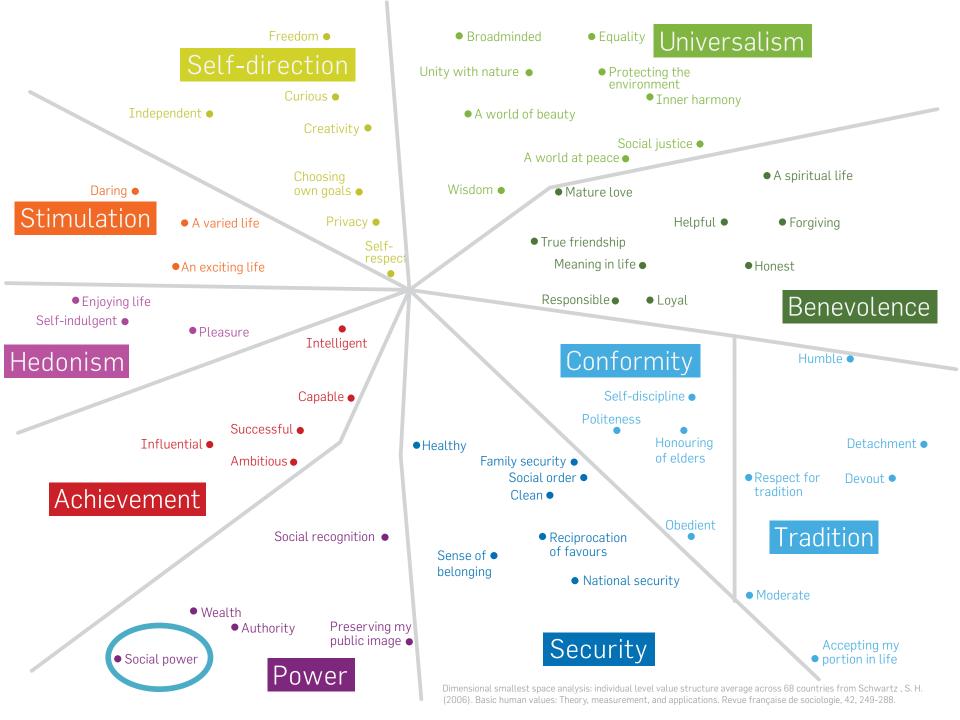


Spillover effect

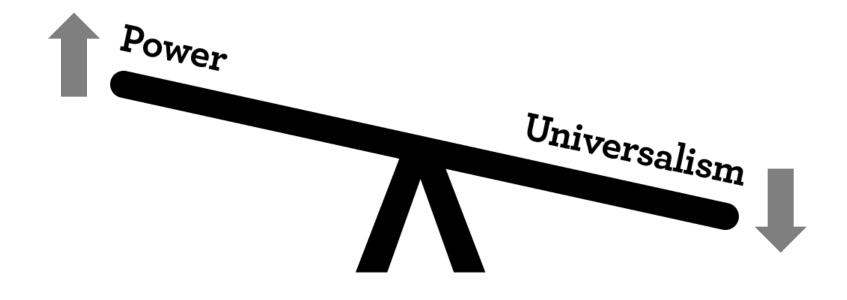


Spillover effect

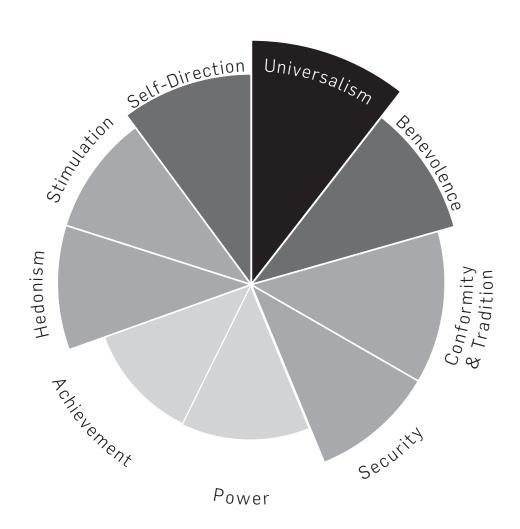


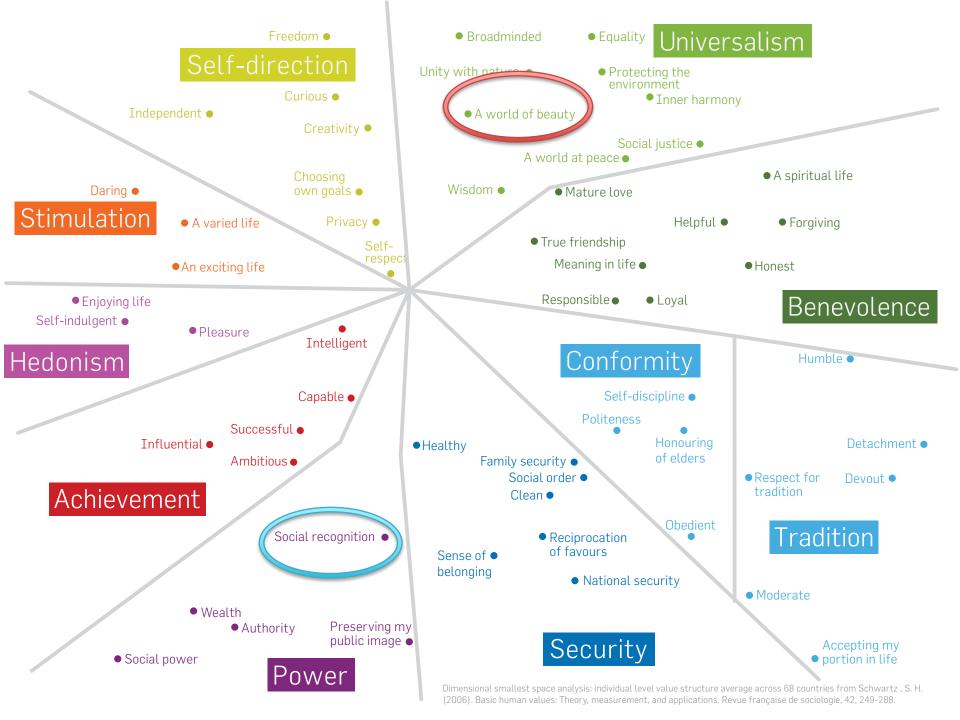


See-Saw effect



See-Saw effect



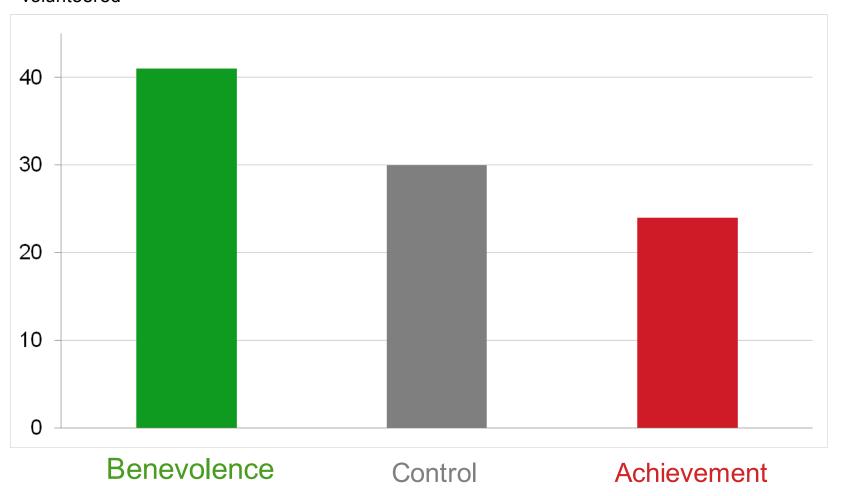


See-Saw: Volunteering

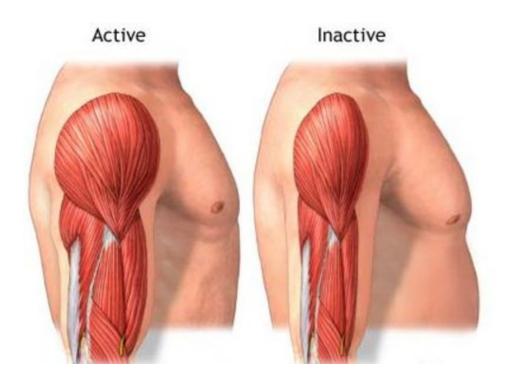
Maio et al. (2009)

- Subjects sorted adjectives, items of furniture and either:
 - Benevolence-related words (forgiving, helpful, honest)
 - Achievement-related words (ambitious, capable, successful)
 - Food-related words (control)
- Subjects then asked to help set up for next study

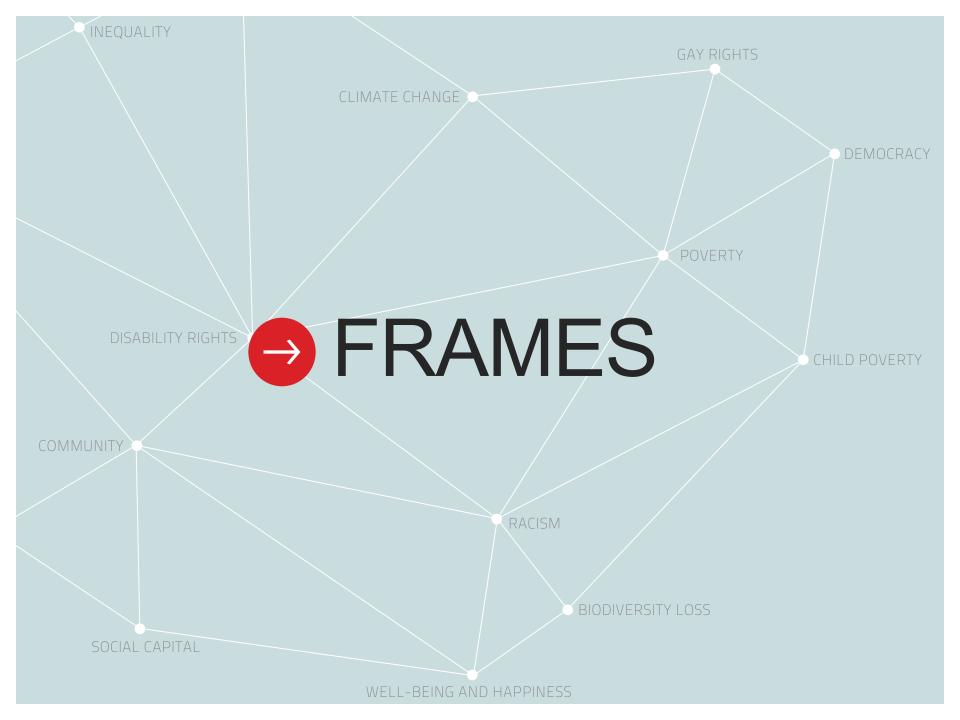
Time volunteered



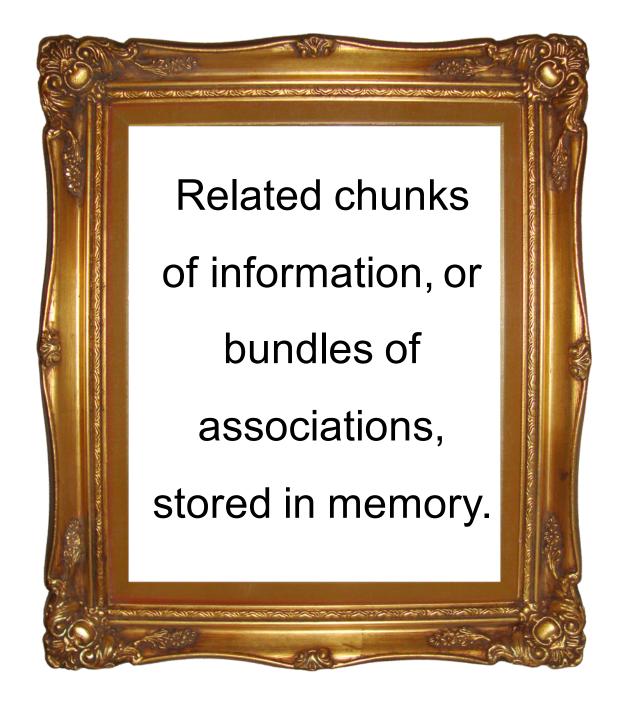








Frames



Framing:

Tapping into frames and the values they evoke





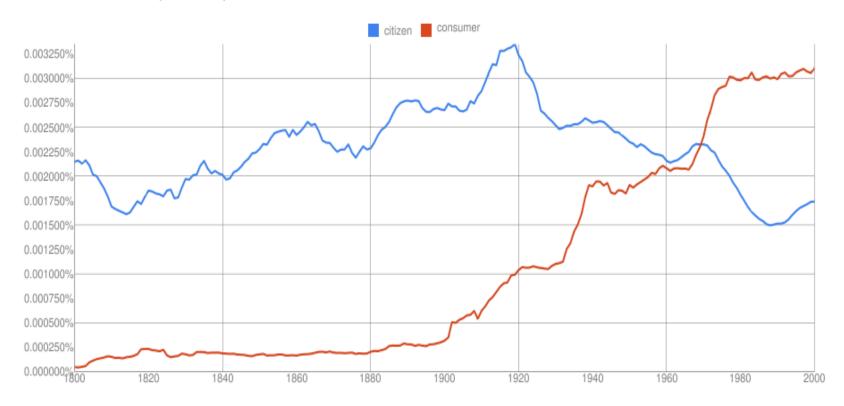






Consumer v Citizen

Shrubsole (2012)



From Google Ngram search of 5 million books



Chilton, Crompton, Kasser, Maio & Nolan (2012)

- From 700 adults, selected top 10% on extrinsic values, randomly assigned to two groups
- Participants wrote about reasons for either:
 - Popularity, image, wealth
 - Acceptance, affiliation, being broadminded
- No mention of social or environmental issues
- Interviewed about:
 - Environment: Loss of UK countryside (local);
 Climate Change (global)
 - Poverty: UK child poverty (local); Child mortality in developing countries (global)
- Interview transcripts were analysed by a linguist

Chilton, Crompton, Kasser, Maio & Nolan (2012)

Talking about child mortality

Extrinsic prime:

"I don't really feel much for it, you know, in a lot of ways it is ... it's a part of life over there ... it's the way of life, that's what happens so it's nothing to get too upset about."

Intrinsic prime:

"...umm and I think it's really unfair the injustice of how some people have loads and other people have absolutely nothing and yeah it's terrible."

Chilton, Crompton, Kasser, Maio & Nolan (2012)

Talking about <u>climate change</u>

Extrinsic prime:

"Mm, what would motivate me? I suppose money if there was a financial incentive to be more proactive... I do tend to switch things off but that's more a case of me saving money in electricity than thinking 'oh that's gonna help the world'."

Intrinsic prime:

"I do think that the earth and the environment is precious and valuable...I think it should be at the top of the political agenda...I think that the world that we pass on to the next generation, you know, is, is, our responsibility."

Chilton, Crompton, Kasser, Maio & Nolan (2012)

Those primed intrinsically:

- More concerned about environment and poverty
- Felt more obliged to act to solve the problems
- Expressed their concern using intrinsic values

Priming **activates** the intrinsic values of very extrinsicallyoriented people.



Crompton, Weinstein, Sanderson, Kasser, Maio & Henderson (2014)

- Online survey of people in UK
- Primed with short text on work of either environmental organisation (WWF) or disability organisation (Scope).
 - Intrinsic
 - Extrinsic
 - Mixed
 - Control (no priming)
- Surveyed on attitudes to cause + intention to support organisation financially or non-financially.

WWF (a)

Have you ever paused to think about the contribution that the environment makes to our national wealth? At WWF, we are working to minimise loss of the UK's natural resources – such as plants, animals, woodlands or rivers – by helping people to recognise their real value.

Natural assets, and the benefits that they provide, are still often overlooked and are not adequately reflected in planning and policy. One reason for this is that the financial value of the environment, and the commercial benefits that people derive, is often overlooked. Putting a monetary value on nature can help to address this problem.

Consider woodlands, which provide a range of essential goods and services and contribute around £1.2 billion to the UK economy. At WWF, we are helping to develop financing schemes to ensure that those who benefit from environmental goods and services

compensate those who provide these services.

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WWF (b)

Have you ever paused to think about the importance of the natural world? At WWF, we are working to minimise the loss of nature in the UK – such as plants, animals, woodlands or rivers – by helping people to recognise its real value.

The importance of environmental protection is still often overlooked and is not adequately reflected in planning and policy. One reason for this is that people's inherent appreciation of, and love for, the natural world is often forgotten. Reminding people of the intrinsic importance that they attach to nature can help to address this problem.

Consider woodlands, which currently cover nearly 3 million hectares in the UK. At WWF, we are helping people to express and share the feelings they have about woodland areas, and their conviction that it is important to preserve these.

WWF (b)

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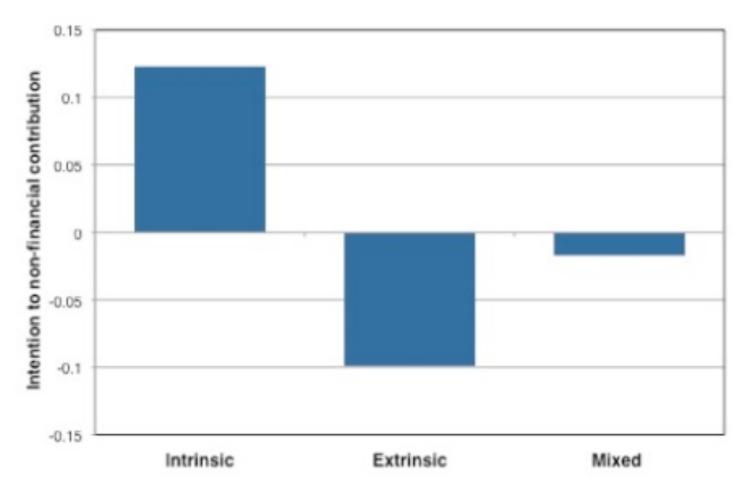
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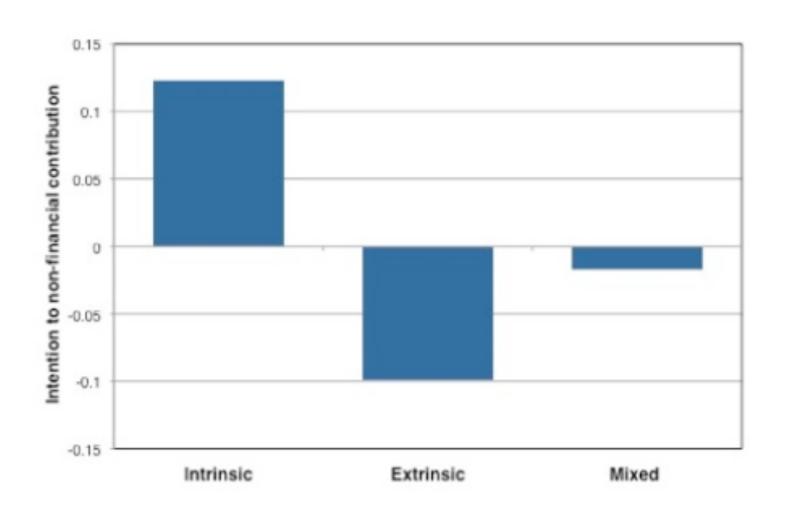
Which message do you think would be more effective at generating support for the organisation?

Crompton, Weinstein, Sanderson, Kasser, Maio & Henderson (2014)

Results: non-financial contributions



Crompton, Weinstein, Sanderson, Kasser, Maio & Henderson (2014)



Challenging assumptions

- Intrinsic values can be more powerful than extrinsic
 - e.g. blood donations, volunteering, child care, lawyers, school fundraising, reusable cups...
- Appealing to intrinsic values is effective, even for extrinsically-oriented people
 - we're activating people's intrinsic values, not 'changing their values'
- Speak to different audiences' ways of expressing intrinsic values
 - need to understand and hear from your audience

3 November 2015

Melting ice in west Antarctica could raise seas by 3m, warns study

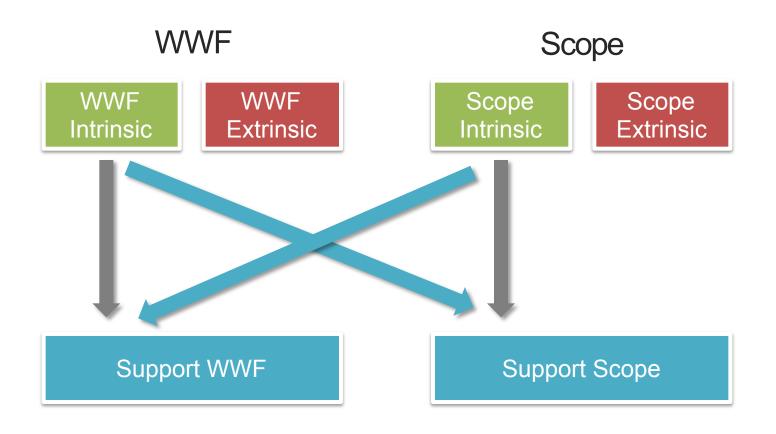
West Antarctic ice melt could raise seas by three

Ice melt could raise seas 'by 3 metres'



Climate change: Antarctic ice is growing, not shrinking, says NASA

Crompton, Weinstein, Sanderson, Kasser, Maio & Henderson (2014)



Hence "Common Cause"

Challenging assumptions

- People are influenced by values, not facts
 - "Facts bounce off frames". Facts matter once someone is on board, and the facts fit the frame.
- Mixed messages (intrinsic + extrinsic) are ineffective
- Nothing is 'unframed' or 'values neutral'

Values & frames recap

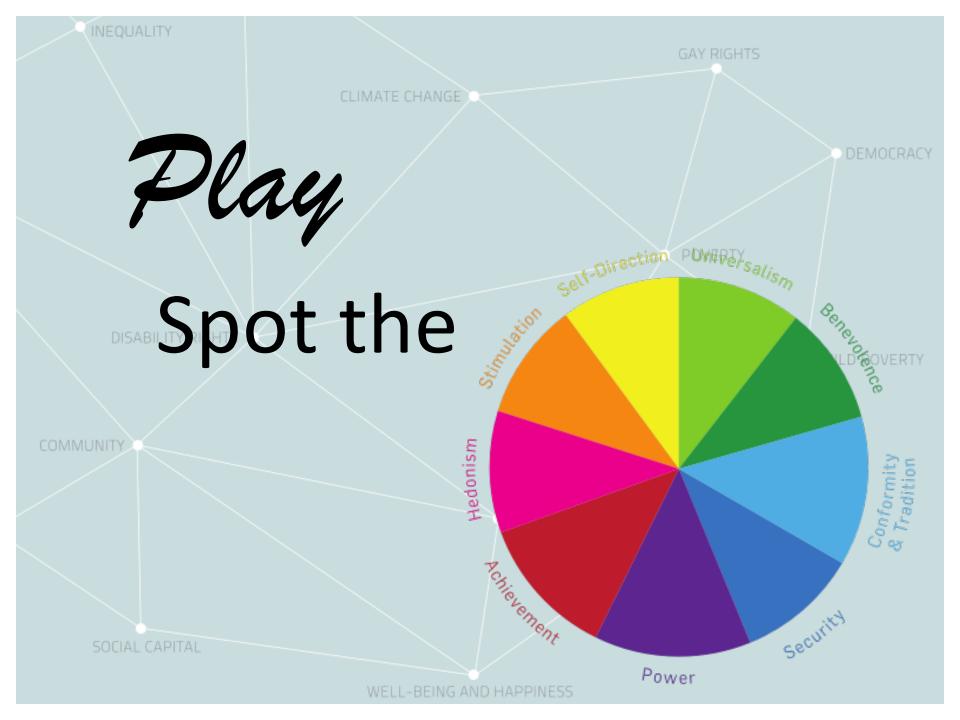
- Values are motivations, not means, not attributes
- Values influence attitudes and behaviours
- We all have all values to some extent
- Our intrinsic values drive social and environmental concern and action, personal wellbeing, job satisfaction...
- Intrinsic values can be activated and strengthened over time
- Frames activate values
- Framing is always a choice: everything is framed, nothing is 'neutral'

Appeal to intrinsic values and avoid appealing to extrinsic or security values.

Effective & Useful











PLEASE DO

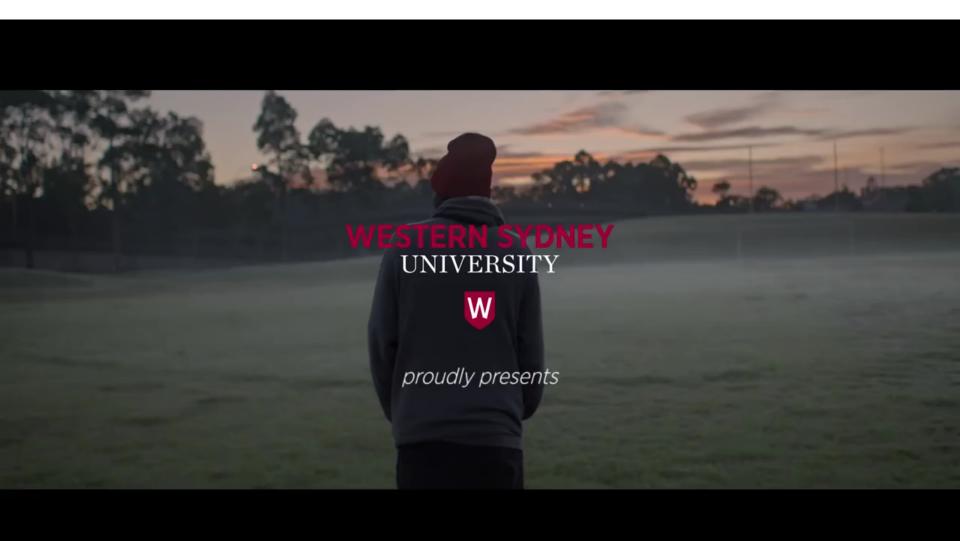
TOUCH

the trees - or even hug them!



National Trust

#NaturesPlayground











@patagonia Jul 30

Loud applause to the kayaktivists hanging from bridges and braving the cold to say #sHellNo! http://pat.ag/qjsn





@patagonia Aug 9 Care for some photo fun? Take a look at our new curated collection #ysco: http://pat.ag/cumj





Our new denim line is made by <a>@FairTradeUSA workers, and that's a good thing: <a>http://pat.ag/amuc

Wheatbelt NRM (WA)



Wheatbelt NRM 3 Year Plan



Wheatbelt NRM (WA)

They value a viable agricultural industry, and a sense of place.

A sacred Aboriginal site, that encapsulates sense of place.

It's the only international biodiversity hotspot in Australia. Plants and animals are only here, and there's not many of them left.

Protect the soil.

Everyone manages the environment. Every single farmer is a steward for the environment. It's the job of ...

So that we're still feeding the world in 100 years.

We know that we've got challenges. Salinity, soil acidity, climate change impacts, fragmented landscape, cats, rabbits & foxes.

But we also have one of the most innovative communities in Australia, in the world.

To preserve the environment and to build our agricultural systems.

The order matters: sandwich

- 'Good' 'bad' 'good'
- Hope/action threat hope/action



Wheatbelt NRM (WA)

They value a viable agricultural industry, and a sense of place.

A sacred Aboriginal site, that encapsulates sense of place.

[it's a special place]: It's the only international biodiversity hotspot in Australia. Plants and animals are only here and there's not many of them left [threat, but 'sandwiched'].

Protect the soil health.

Everyone manages the environment. Every single farmer is a steward for the environment. It's the job of ... [we're all in this together, we rely on each other]

[objective]: We're still feeding the world in 100 years.

[threat as a challenge, call to take action]: We know that we've got challenges. Salinity, soil acidity, climate change impacts, fragmented landscape, cats, rabbits & foxes.

But we also have one of the most innovative communities in Australia, in the world.

[objective]: To preserve the environment and to build our agricultural systems.





Tim Costello
@TimCostello

Aid cuts no real saving, just false economy. Poorer, sicker, less stable region will cost Aust more in the long run.

18/12/2014 16:18











Woodland birds in peril on National Threatened Species Day

Today, on National Threatened Species Day — held on 7 September each year to commemorate the death of the last Tasmanian Tiger in 1936—BirdLife Australia released results of surveys showing that two of Australia's most endangered woodland birds — Swift Parrots and Regent Honeyeaters—are following the same path as this now extinct species.

"Swift Parrot and Regent Honeyeater surveys have been conducted twice each winter since 1994," said Dean Ingwersen, Woodland Bird Program Manager and Regent Honeyeater recovery coordinator for BirdLife Australia. "Hundreds of dedicated volunteers from Victoria, NSW, ACT and Queensland search the countryside for these highly nomadic birds".

Mr Ingwersen said that this year's findings were concerning. "Only 740 Swift Parrots were observed — less than half the number found in the last two years," he said, "and in May, only 10 Regent Honeyeaters were recorded across their range, and only 15 in August."

While a number of factors could have influenced these poor results, it mirrors parallel recent studies, such as those by scientists from the Australian National University, which revealed the Swift Parrot population could decline by as much as 94 per cent over the next 16 years.

"Although Swift Parrots spend the winter foraging in Victoria, NSW, the ACT and Queensland, they rely on Tasmania's mature eucalypt forests to breed," said Mr Ingwersen. "The studies found that forestry and associated predation by Sugar Gliders are threatening the very existence of the Swift Parrot, yet the Tasmanian Government continues to log Swift Parrot breeding habitat."

This has prompted a nomination to have the Swift Parrot listed as Critically Endangered. The Australian Government recognised the Regent Honeyeater as Critically Endangered in July. BirdLife Australia says today's findings should act as a call to action. "The community plays a critical role in the conservation of most endangered woodland birds," said Samantha Vine, BirdLife Australia's Head of Conservation. "The efforts of volunteers who turn out each year for counts are critical, and the Swift Parrot and Regent Honeyeater would be much worse off if not for the efforts of local landholders who have worked with BirdLife Australia and others to protect remnant habitat or revegetate with foraging and nesting trees."

While recovery actions have helped to halt the decline of Regent Honeyeater, key feeding and breeding habitat is still under threat. "Birdlife Australia is urgently calling on the relevant states and the Australian Government to work together to protect critical Swift Parrot and Regent Honeyeater habitat, and to fully invest in implementing the Recovery Plans for these species," continued Ms Vine.

To learn more about how you can get involved in the recovery effort for these and other threatened birds, visit http://birdlife.org.au/projects/threatened-bird-network.



Consider:

Footprint & Mindprint

Material Policy

Cognitive Policy

Communications Audit

Three questions to ask about every communication

- 1. Does the communication appeal to intrinsic values?
- 2. Does it avoid appealing to extrinsic or security values?
- 3. Does it use intrinsic values creatively?



Motivating members, supporters, volunteers

- Intrinsic motivations (primed by intrinsic messaging) → more people volunteering, for longer duration, over longer time period
- Any intrinsic values segment Self-Direction,
 Universalism, Benevolence or combinations

Stakeholder engagement

- Context: e.g. local politicians
- Priming
- Format: co-creation, deliberation
- How are you framing your organisation?
 (Partner?: Universalism, Benevolence.
 - Authority?: Power, Conformity)

Common Cause in practice

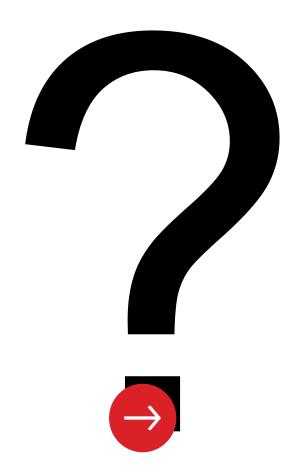
- 1. How are you currently using values in your work?
 - intrinsic? extrinsic? both?
- 2. How could you incorporate (more) intrinsic values?
- 3. What would help you to do this?





Common Cause in practice

- The lie of the land: What are your stakeholders' frames? How do your stakeholders express intrinsic values?
- Audit: How are you currently framing your issue? Your organisation and its role? Your members or supporters and their role?
- Reframing: What's your ideal frame? Who are your potential advocates & trusted messengers?
- Evaluation: How will you know when you've successfully established intrinsic values & frames?



Invitation

- Common Cause Australia: www.commoncause.org.au
- Join the conversation on Facebook
- Hone your skills in tomorrow's communications masterclass
- Bring us in for values & frames analysis, program design, communications
- Tell your colleagues about Common Cause
- Work with others on common causes
- Contact: eleanor@commoncause.org.au

